

AGENDA

1 Snapshot

- 2 Turkish Defense & Aerospace Industry
- 3 Turkish Civil Aviation





Turkish defense and aviation industry offers lucrative opportunities













AIRLINE FLEET (2022)
631







182.3 Million

AGENDA

1 Snapshot

2 Turkish Defense & Aerospace Industry

3 Turkish Civil Aviation





Turkish defense industry has important advantages with a globally-competitive edge.

- Well-developed industrial and human resource ecosystem
- Globally-competitive national defense companies

High number of strategic agreements with international partners, facilitating defense industry collaboration and trade



- Strong government support to joint ventures, international partnerships and defense cooperation
- Cost-competitive defense products vis-a-vis Western-manufactured equivalents, suiting budgets of the governments with financial constraints
- One of the largest defense budgets globally

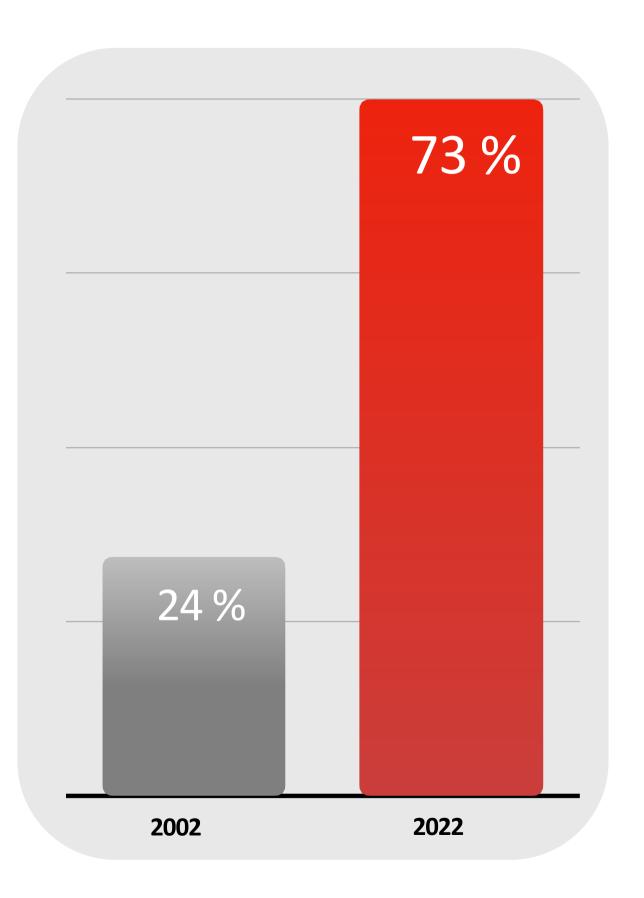


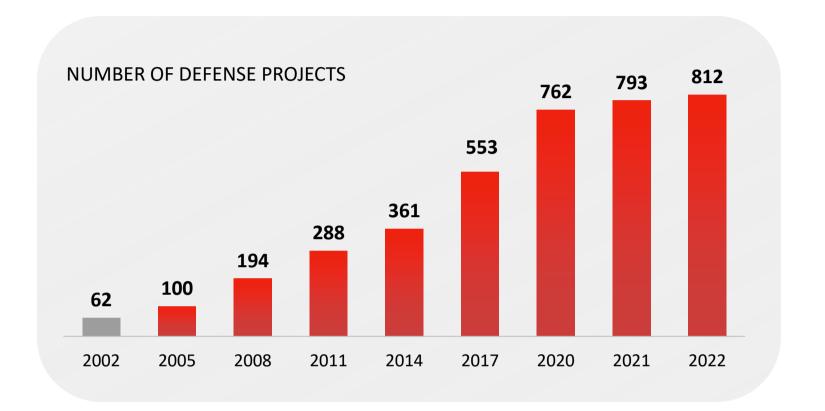
Türkiye's decisive policies have yielded significant results in transforming the defense industry

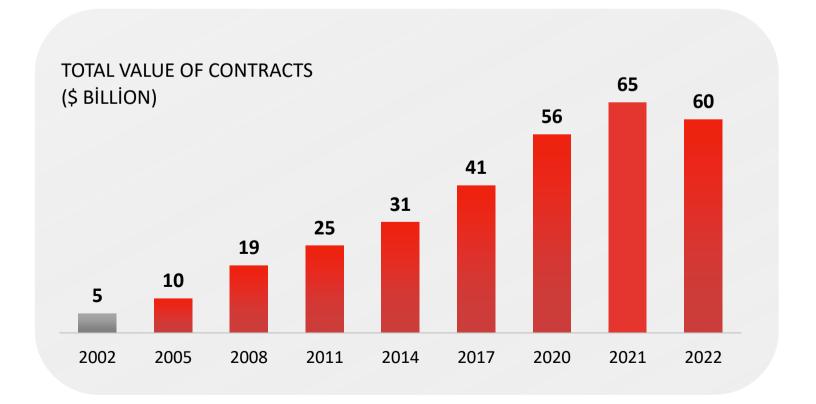
LOCAL CONTENT IN
TÜRKİYE'S
DEFENSE PROCUREMENT
IS EXPECTED TO REACH

80%

BEFORE 2025







Considering the ongoing tender processes, total contract value is anticipated to reach over \$75 billion.



Turkish defense industry has been undergoing a profound transformation from solely procurement to design and manufacture

1990-2000 2000-2010 pre-1990 2010-2020 2020-2030 Basic & Advanced Direct Partial Design Indigenous Design Co-Production Technologies (Local Production) (Main Platforms) **Procurement** TF-X KAAN Fighter **Gökbey** (Utility Helicopter) Armoured Combat • Cobra AH-1 W (Attack • Altay (Tank) **Hürkuş** (Basic trainer aircraft) • Bayraktar Kızılelma Vehicle helicopter) • T 129 Atak (MiUS) TF-X / MMU • Light Transport (Attack Helicopter) (Indigenous Fighter Jet Project) • AB-412 Helicopter Aircraft Complete • T 70 Bayraktar TB2 & TB3, Localization • MLRS (Utility Helicopter) • Basic Trainer Aircraft Akıncı (UAS) (Rocket system) • Life Cycle **Hürjet** (Advanced Jet Trainer Milgem Management (PLC) and Light Attack Aircraft) Cougar Helicopter (Warship) **Göktürk-3** Satellite Performance-based Anka **Logistics (PBL)** T 929 Atak II (UAV-Male Class) (Heavy Duty Attack Helicopter)



Türkiye has introduced industrial participation (IP) / offset (O) policies in order to facilitate long-term cooperation with international partners in the field of defense, aerospace and homeland security

Indicator	Requirement
Threshold to Require Offset	\$5 Million
IP/O Commitment	At least 70% of the Contract Price
Subcontractor / SME Portion	30% of the Category-A IP&O 15% of SME share
Crediting Basis	Domestic Net Added Value (DNAV)
Type of Agreement	Separate IP&O Agreement with the Contractor
Bank Guarantee	6% of IP&O Commitment
Period of Performance	Program Duration + 2 Years
Penalty	6% of Unfulfilled Commitment
Temporary Crediting	Allowed (Conditional)
Banking of Credits	Allowed (Valid for 5 Years)
Transfer of Excess Credits	Allowed (Causality)

Category A

Direct Turkish Industrial Participation

Category B

Export of products/services in the areas of defense, aerospace and homeland security

Category C

- Acquire technology / capability
- New investment and cooperation in the areas of defense, homeland security, space and aerospace.

T: Technical score

S: IP/O score

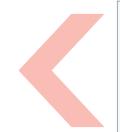
E: Administrative / Economic Score

P_A: Cat-A IP/O Score

P_R: Cat-B IP/O Score

P_c: Cat-C IP/O Score

Transaction	Multiplier
Design & Engineering Works Performed by SMEs (Cat-A)	2
All other IP Works (Cat-A)	1
Export of Platforms	4-5
Export of Systems / Subsystems	3
Export of Structural Parts	2
SME Portion in Export	1
Export to Prior Market	1
Technological Collaboration (Cat-C)	3-5
Enabling technology/ability that is requested particularly by SSB (Cat-C)	6-8
Foreign Direct Investment (Cat-C)	4
Transfer of Hardware / Software to University / Research Institute (Cat-C)	3



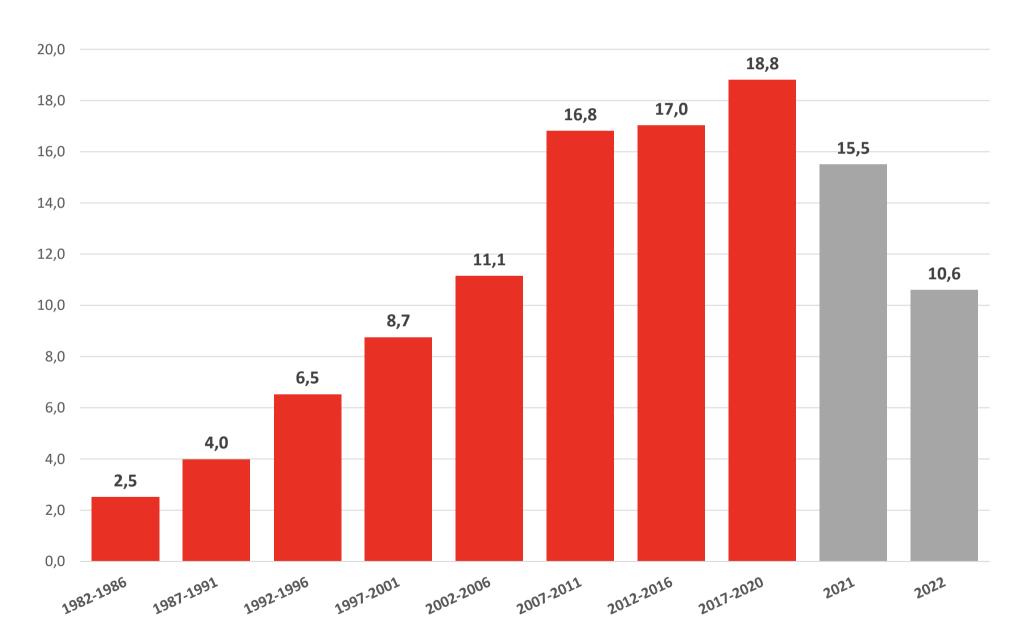
General Assesment Score (S)= $0.50 \times (T) + 0.40 \times (S) + 0.10 \times (E)$

IP / Offset Score (S) = $0.65 \times (P_A) + 0.20 \times (P_B) + 0.15 \times (P_C)$

Source: SSB

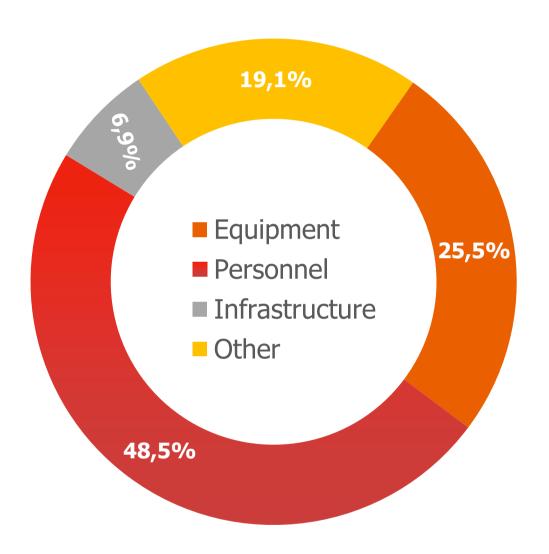


Turkish defense expenditures have significantly increased over the past three decades despite the decrease for the third year in a row with the pandemy.



TÜRKİYE'S ANNUAL DEFENSE EXPENDITURE (\$ BILLION, CURRENT PRICES)

DISTRIBUTION OF TÜRKİYE'S DEFENSE EXPENDITURE BY MAIN CATEGORY (2022)



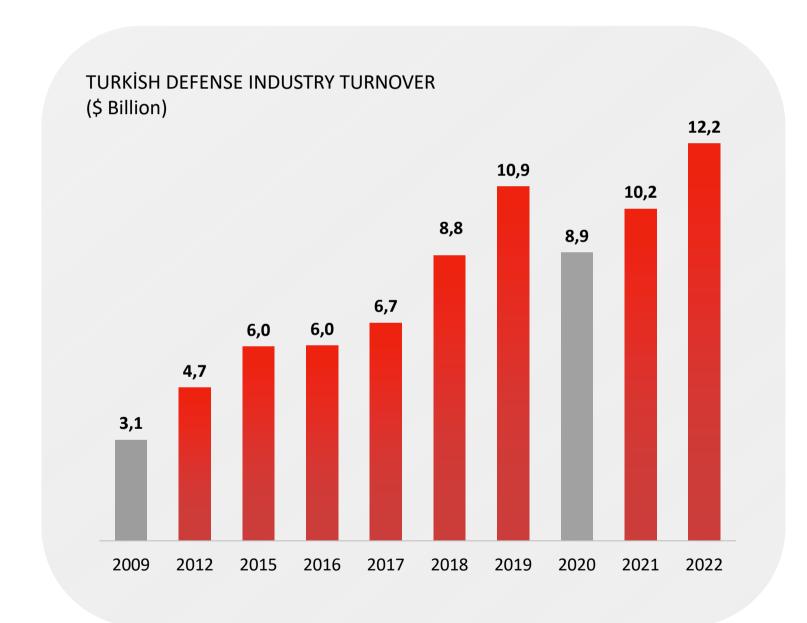
Equipment includes major equipment expenditures and R&D devoted to major equipment. **Personnel** includes military and civilian expenditure and pensions. **Infrastructure** includes NATO common infrastructure and national military construction. **Other** includes operations and maintenance expenditures, other R&D expenditures and expenditures not allocated among above-mentioned categories.

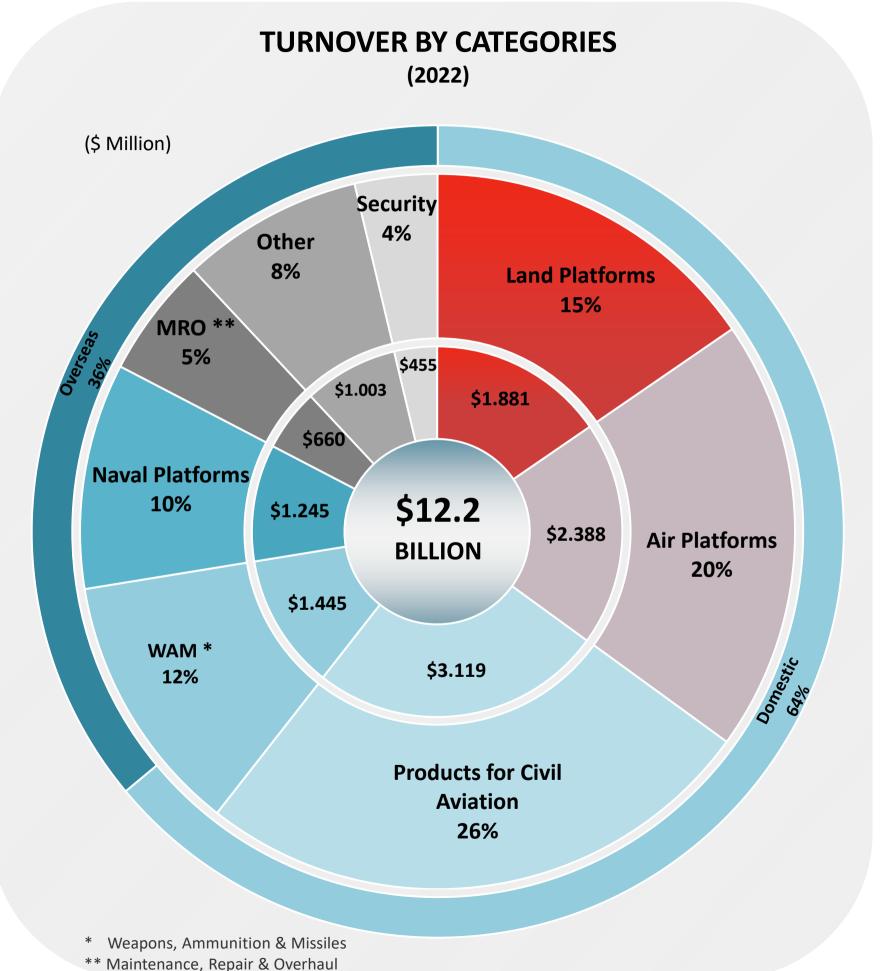
Source: SIPRI, NATO



Turkish defense & aviation industry turnover has almost tripled over the last decade

512.2 BILLION 2022





Source:SASAD

^{*} Weapons, Ammunition & Missiles

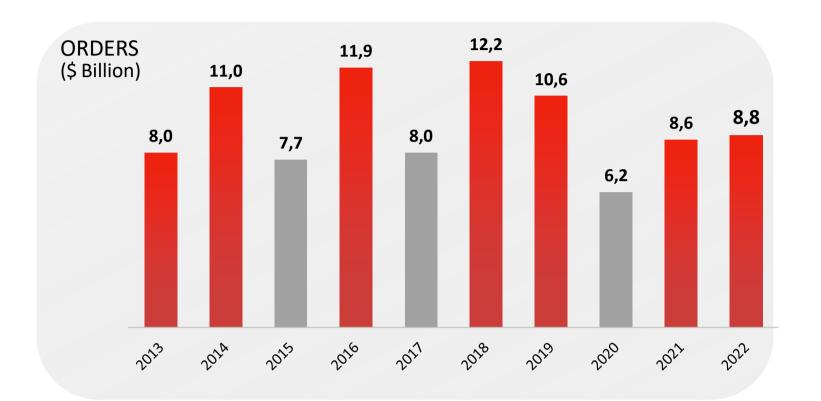
^{**} Maintenance, Repair & Overhaul

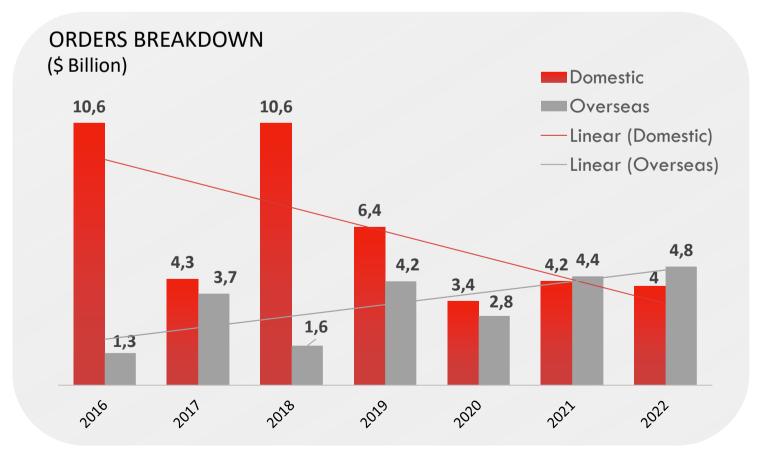


Orders over years and the pandemic and post-pandemic change

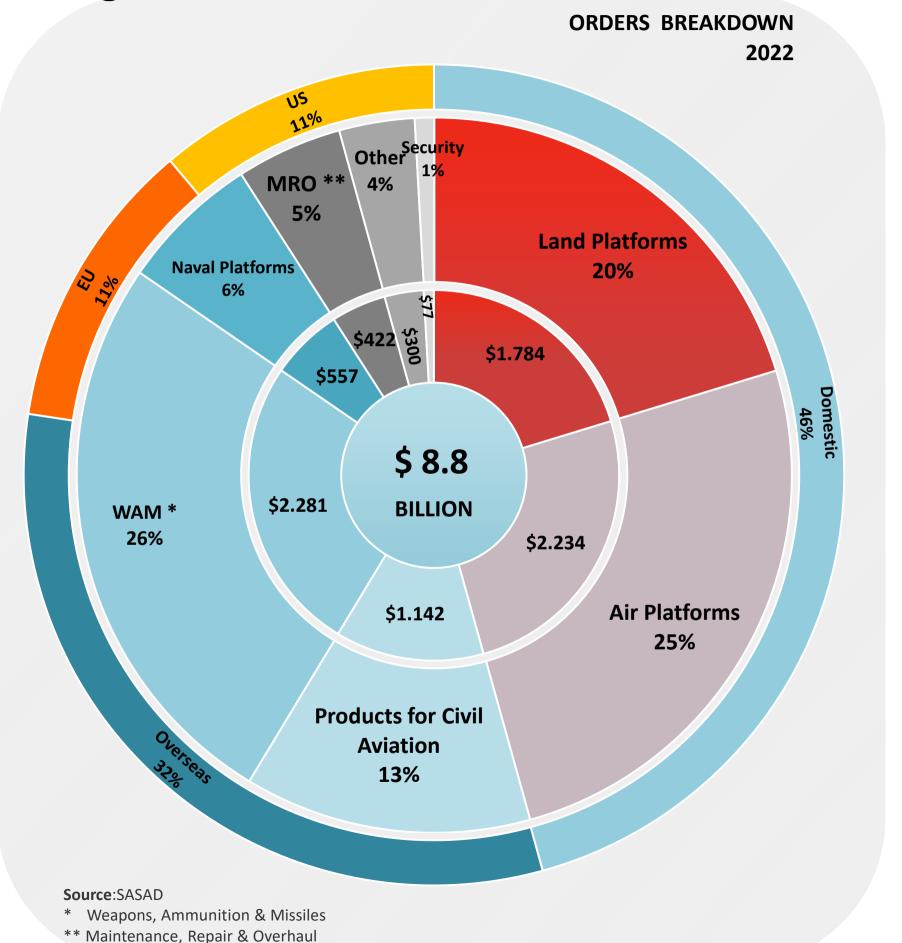
3.8 BILLION 2022

ORDERS





In 2021, the level of foreign orders exceeded domestic orders for the first time. And the gap increased in 2022.





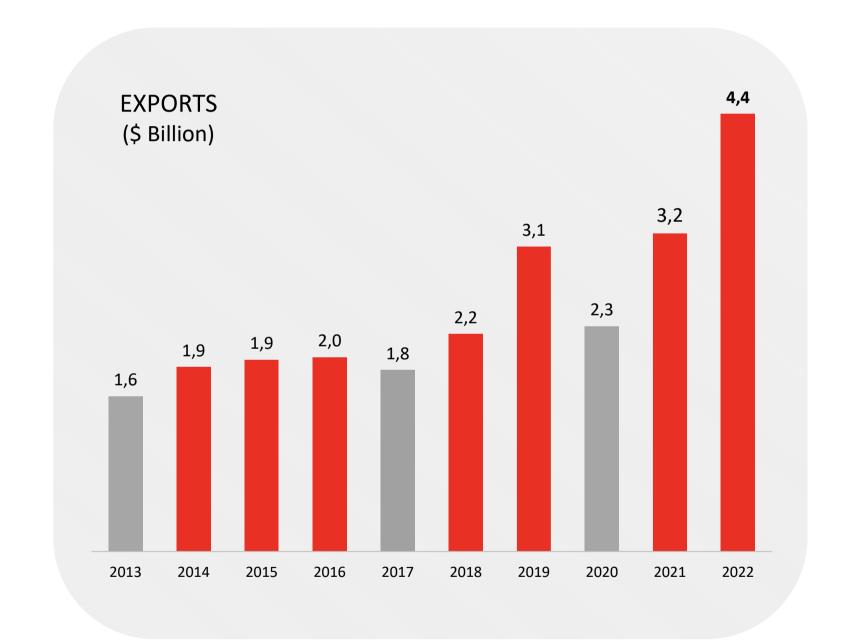
2022

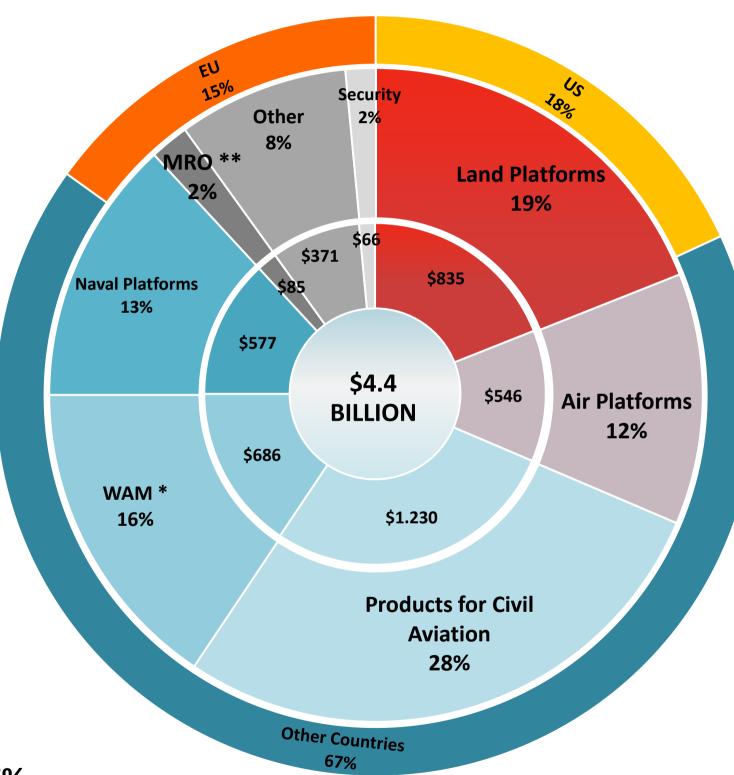
EXPORTS BREAKDOWN

Türkiye's growing and diversifying exports have explored new opportunities

in US, EU, Middle East, Africa, Central Asia, and South America







Compared to the previous year, the total increase in exports is around 37%. Since Türkiye has proved the global competitiveness of its products, it swiftly explores new destinations in global markets and increases its exports.

Source:SASAD

^{*} Weapons, Ammunition & Missiles

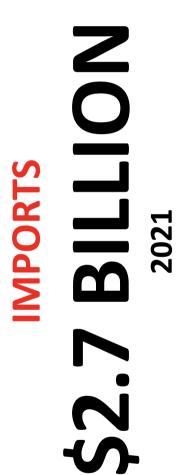
^{**} Maintenance, Repair & Overhaul

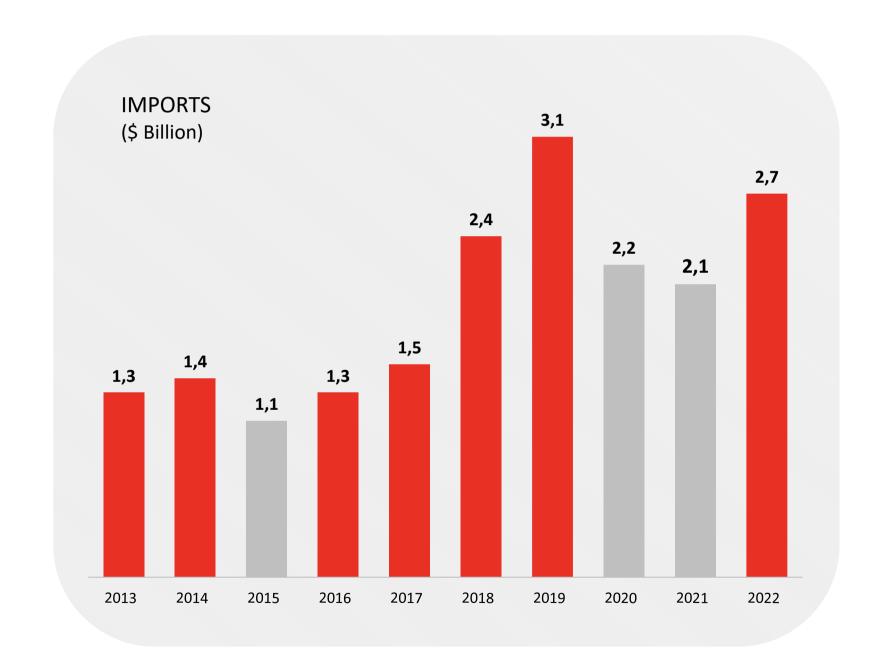


Although Türkiye has considerably increased its domestic capacity

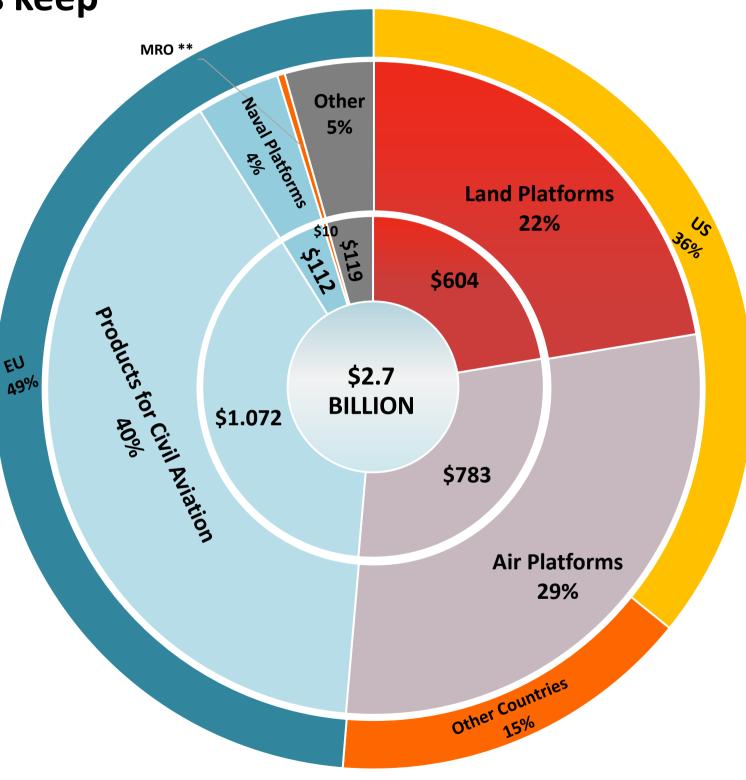
in the defense and aviation industry, civil aerospace products keep

to occupy a significant place in imports







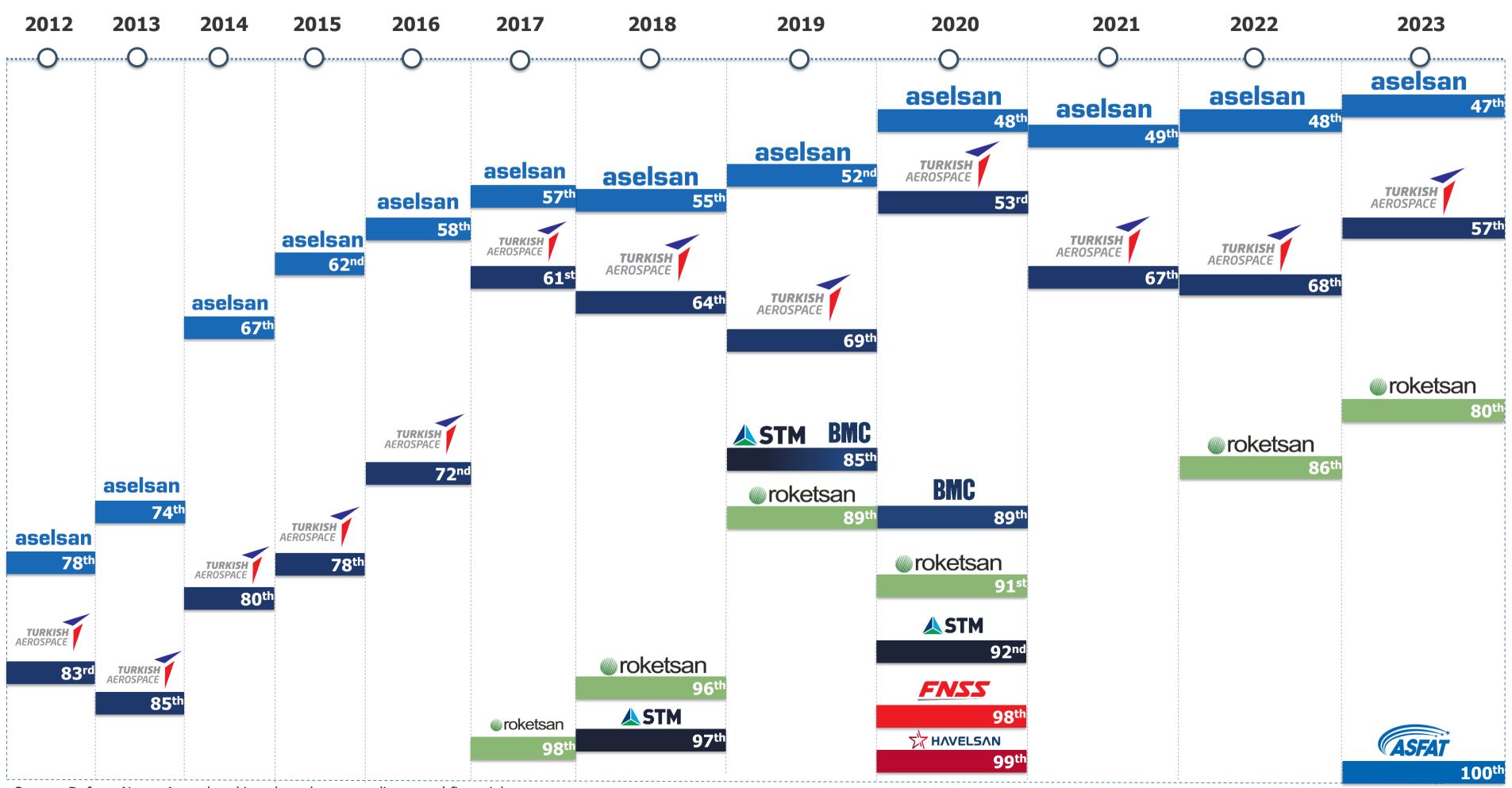


Source:SASAD

- * Weapons, Ammunition & Missiles
- ** Maintenance, Repair & Overhaul







Source: DefenseNews, Annual rankings based on preceding years' financials.





A400M

Program

A400M is the first program that enabled TAI to gain capability and responsibility of a whole life cycled aerospace product starting from concept design studies to after sale logistics support activities.

TAI's workshare in A400M Program includes design and manufacture of structural components as Forward Center Fuselage with Emergency Exit Door, Section 17 Upper Shell with Rear Hatch Door, Paratroper Doors, Tailcone, Ailerons and Spoilers.

TAI has also manufacturing responsibility of all fuselage harnesses. TAI has first level design and procurement responsibility on lighting system (except cockpit) and water and waste system.

Global Supply Chain of

A400M

Developing a domestic competitive supply chain base has also integrated Turkish companies into the global value chain

Belgium

France

German

Spain

Türkiye

U.K

1-Ratier-Figeac, 2-AM Seville, -AF Saint Eloi, 4-AUK Filton, 18-PAG,19-SOGERMA, 20-SOCATA, 21-Messier-Dowty, 22-SONACA, 23-AD Stade, 24-AUK Filton, 25-SONACA, 26-Aerolia, 27-TAI

Source: TAI, Airbus Military

In addition to international partnerships, Turkish companies have developed strong domestic capabilities with cutting-edge technologies



ANKA



ANKA, advanced MALE (Medium Altitude Long Endurance) class Unmanned Aerial System, performs day and night, all-weather reconnaissance, target detection/identification and intelligence missions with its EO/IR and SAR payloads, featuring autonomous flight capability including Automatic Take-off and Landing. ANKA incorporates a heavy-fuel engine and electro-expulsive Ice Protection System with an Advanced Ground Control Station and dual datalink allowing operational security and ease. The system is expandable with a Transportable Image Exploitation Station, Radio Relay, Remote Video Terminal and SATCOM.

Users

Türkiye

Tunusia

Kazakhistan

Technical Specifications

- Wing Span: 17.3 m
- Length: 8 m
- Powerplant: 150 HP
- Payload Capacity: 200 kg
- Endurance: 24 hours
- Service ceiling: 30.000 ft
- Data range: 200 km
- Cruise Speed: 110 knots



BAYRAKTAR TACTICAL UAS

BAYKAR

Bayraktar Tactical UAS is a MALE (Medium Altitude Long Endurance) class system developed for tactical reconnaissance and surveillance missions. Prototype Development Phase started within 2007 based on competition model. Bayraktar Tactical UAS with its critical all subsystems - including Flight Control, INS-GPS, Automatic Take Off-Landing systems developed in house demonstrated fully automatic taxi, take off, cruise, landing, parking phases - was selected as the winner of the program in 2009.

Technical Specifications

- Wing Span: 12 m
- Length: 6.5 m
- Powerplant: 100 HP
- Payload Capacity: >55 kg
- Endurance: >24 hours
- Service ceiling: 24.000 ft
- Data range: 150 km
- Cruise Speed: 70 knots

Users

- Türkiye
- Qatar
- Ukraine
- Azebaijan
- Poland NATO Member
- Morocco
- Kyrgyzstan
- 29 countries in total



KARAYEL TACTICAL UAV



KARAYEL Tactical UAV System is the first and only Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle designed and produced according to NATO's STANAG-4671 for reconnaissance and surveillance purposes. With its capable Payloads on board, KARAYEL can not only detect a target but also mark it with its laser designator. KARAYEL can take off, land and fly a designated mission fully autonomously without assistance from a pilot. Payload capacity and variations are available for both civil and military applications.

Technical Specifications

- Wing Span: 10.5 m
- Length: 6.5 m
- Powerplant: 97 HP
- Payload Capacity: 70 kg
- Endurance: 10 hours
- Service ceiling: 22.500 ft
- Data range: 150 km
- Cruise Speed: 60-80 knots

Users

- Türkiye
- S. Arabia





AKSUNGUR is a Medium Altitude Long Endurance (MALE) class UAV System, capable to perform day and night Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR) and strike missions with EO/IR, SAR and SIGINT payloads, and a variety of air to ground weapons. ANKA-AKSUNGUR is powered by two PD-170 twinturbocharged diesel engines enabling long endurance operations up to 40,000ft

Technical Specifications

Wing Span: 24,2 mLength : 12.5 m

• Powerplant: 2 x 170 HP Turbo Diesel

Payload Capacity: 750+ kgEndurance: 50 hours

• Service ceiling: 40.000 ft

Data range: 250+ kmCruise Speed: 135 knots





BAYRAKTAR AKINCI

AKINCI is an Unmanned Air Vehicle System designed to meet rigorous operational requirements. It is capable of conducting operations that are performed with fighter jets and carries a variety of payloads for reconnaissance, survey, intelligence, electronic warfare, designation and attack missions, and can fly extended hours at high altitudes. Advanced autonomy reduces operator burden. With an infrastructure allowing for integration of all nationally-developed air-to-air and air-to-ground munitions, the system reduces operational necessities and costs relative to manned systems with comparable capability. A robust satellite data link enables performing missions in regions with no communication infrastructure, and advanced navigation systems enable the aircraft to fly within electronic warfare environments. Akıncı has an augmented situational awareness and can sense the environment thanks to the Artificial Intelligence onboard.

Technical Specifications

Wing Span: 20 mLength : 12,2 m

• Powerplant: 2 x 750 Hp or 2 x 450 Hp Turboprop

Payload Capacity: 1.350kg
Endurance: 24 hours
Service ceiling: 40.000 ft
Data range: LOS & BLOS
Cruise Speed: 150 knots

BAYKAR

DOMESTIC CAPABILITIES





Anka-3 is a semi-stealth unmanned fighter aircraft with a turbofan engine, in-body weapon system and high payload capacity. It has been designed and developed by TAI. ANKA 3 is the first delta form MALE class UAV of Turkish defense sector, which is less visible to the radar with its tailless structure, faster thanks to its jet engine and has a high payload carrying capacity.

As a new generation UAV system, ANKA-3 performs the tasks of reconnaissance, surveillance, intelligence, and attack with different air-ground and air-air munitions. It can also perform many different tasks such as neutralizing RF emitting radar and air defense systems, signal and communication, intelligence and other sorts of electronic warfare.

Technical Specifications

Wingspan : 24,2 mLength : 12.5 m

• Powerplant : 2 x 170 HP Turbo Diesel

Payload Capacity : 750+ kg
Endurance : 50 hours
Service ceiling : 40.000 ft
Data range : 250+ km
Cruise Speed : 135 knots





BAYRAKTAR KIZILELMA

AKINCI is an Unmanned Air Vehicle System designed to meet rigorous operational requirements. It is capable of conducting operations that are performed with fighter jets and carries a variety of payloads for reconnaissance, survey, intelligence, electronic warfare, designation and attack missions, and can fly extended hours at high altitudes. Advanced autonomy reduces operator burden. With an infrastructure allowing for integration of all nationally-developed air-to-air and air-to-ground munitions, the system reduces operational necessities and costs relative to manned systems with comparable capability. A robust satellite data link enables performing missions in regions with no communication infrastructure, and advanced navigation systems enable the aircraft to fly within electronic warfare environments. Akıncı has an augmented situational awareness and can sense the environment thanks to the Artificial Intelligence onboard.

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Data range : LOS & BLOS
Cruise Speed : 150 knots

BAYKAR



In order to meet Turkish Air Force (TurAF) requirements beyond 2030s, Türkiye has introduced an indigenous design and development program (TF-X) to rejuvenate the fighter jet fleet of TurAF.





Within the scope of TF-X Program, Türkiye will become one of the few countries to possess the necessary technologies, engineering infrastructure and production capabilities, once the engineering activities on all the critical technologies are accomplished (e.g. increased situational awareness, sensor fusion, low observability, weapon bay, ...etc), which are needed by a 5th generation (or beyond) jet fighter aircraft.

TF-X aircraft is planned to be kept operational in the TurAF inventory until 2070s and will be interoperable with other critical assets of TurAF such as F-35As.

The TF-X indigenous design and development program prime contract between the Presidency of Defense Industries (SSB) and Turkish Aerospace Industries Inc. (TAI) has been signed on 5th of August 2016.

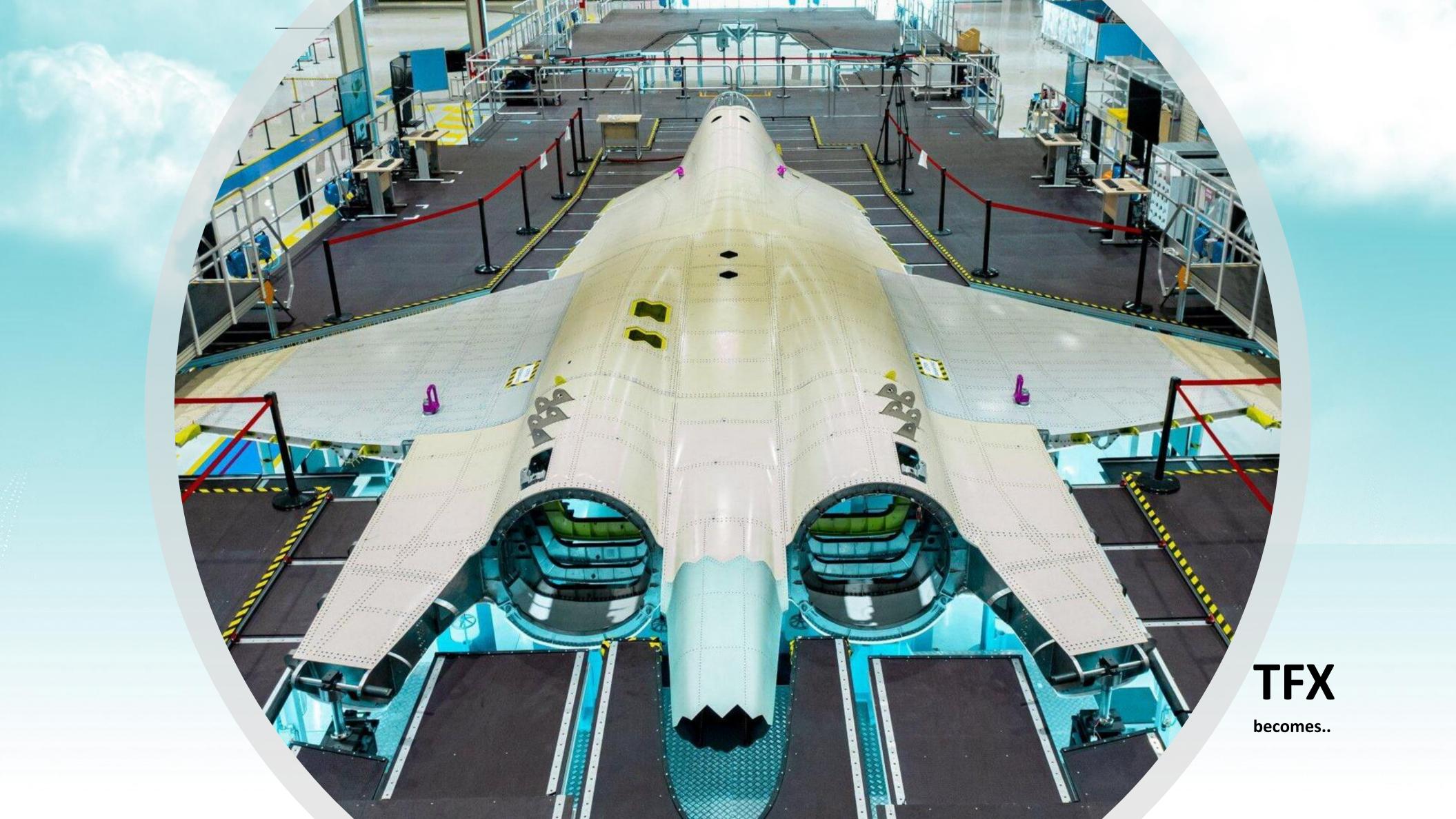
The timing of this signature alone, is a key demonstrator of Türkiye's determination of running mega-projects uninterruptedly, even under extraordinary conditions.

Currently, the prime contract covers the initial four (4) years (starting after signature of major subcontracts) which will end up with completion of preliminary design phase. Within this period beyond the design and development of TF-X Aircraft, engineering capabilities, technology development activities (for key sensors like radar, electronic warfare..etc.), test infrastructures establishment and certification processes will be performed and extensive capabilities for a new generation jet fighter design, development and production will be gained by Turkish industry. TF-X aircraft will be a multi-role aircraft, it will be designed mainly for air- to-air role with a consideration to air-to-surface roles as well. Upon engineering analysis, preliminary calculations, based on received information of suppliers of candidate engines, TF-X aircraft is decided to be a twin engine configuration.

In this regard a Heads of Agreement (HoA) was signed between TAI and BAE Systems on 28th of January 2017, in the presence of the Prime Ministers of Türkiye and the United Kingdom. In addition, the Letter of Agreement (LOA) was signed during the IDEF 2017. The TAI-BAE Systems Collaboration Agreement was signed and entered into effect on 25th of August 2017.

One of the key ambition and consideration of SSB and TurAF, which is shared by the Turkish industry as well, is the exportability of TF-X aircraft to key allies and friendly countries. In this regard, Türkiye also welcomes any opportunities for participation of interested countries in a win-win model.

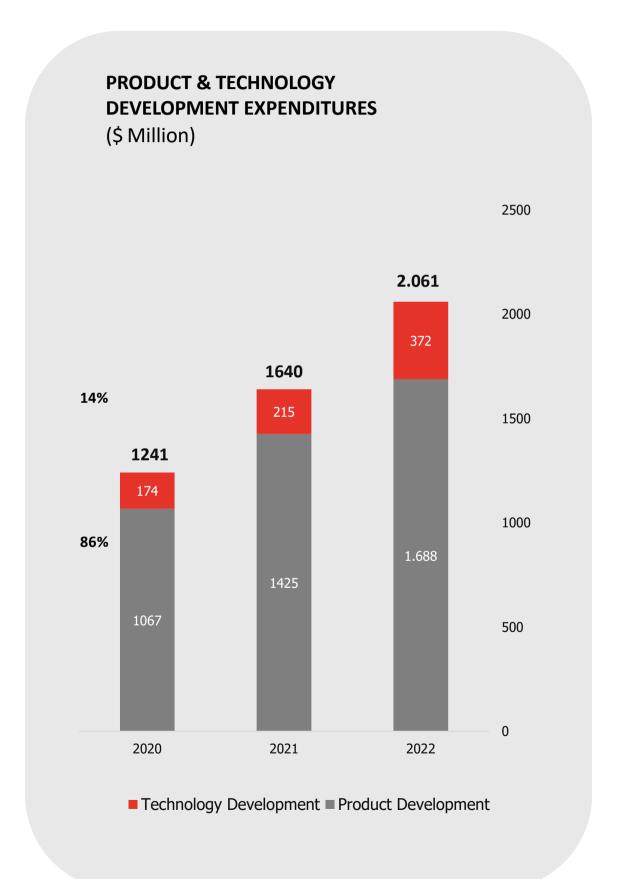


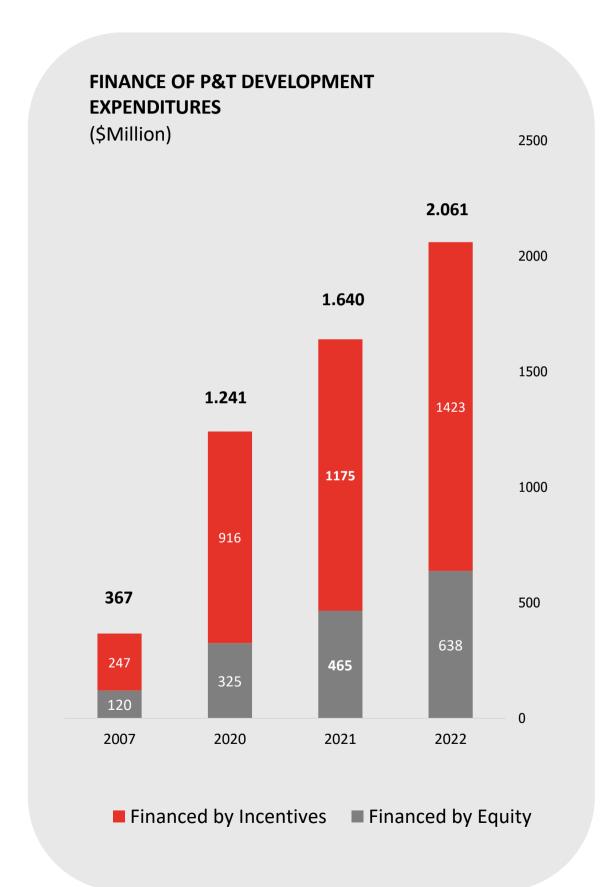


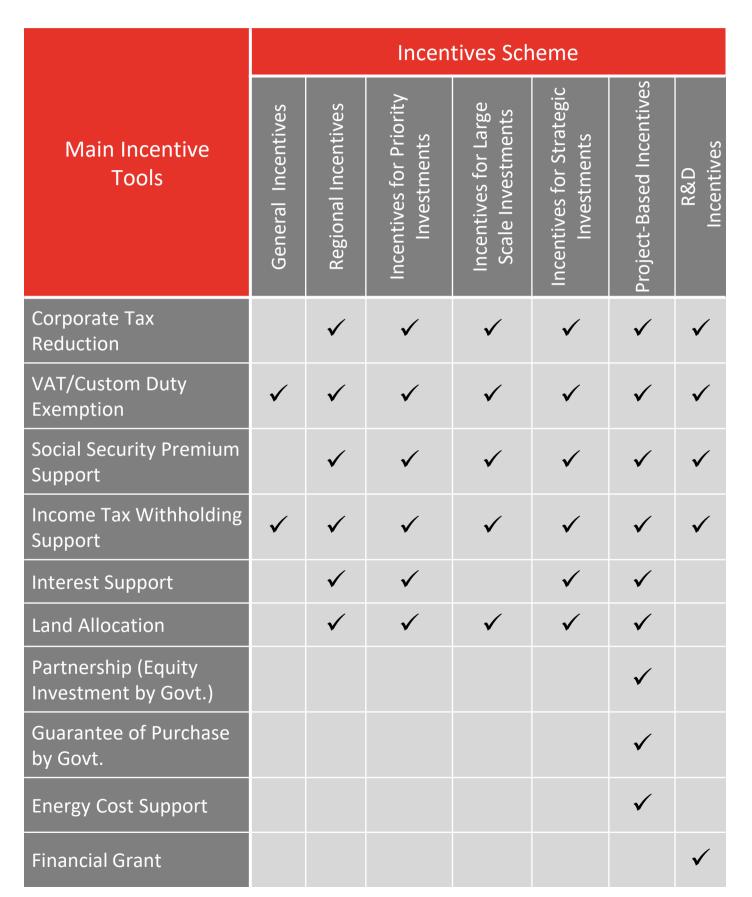




Turkish defense industry has an attractive ecosystem supported by a qualified workforce, incentives and know-how









Turkish defense and aerospace investments are eligible for a wide range of incentives offered by the government, lucrative incentives schemes boost project economics substantially

MANUFACTURING INVESTMENTS IN DEFENSE AND AEROSPACE RECEIVE INCREMENTAL BENEFITS

- Corporate Tax deductions (up to 100%)
- Tax credits (up to %90)
- Land Allocation
- Project Financing Support
- Social Security Premium Exemptions
- VAT and Customs Duty Exemptions
- Training support

Lowering upfront costs, improving cash flow, and accelerating returns on investment



INVESTMENTS IN
DEFENSE AND
AEROSPACE ARE
PRIORITY
AREAS WITH
STRATEGIC
FOCUS



- Industry Participation / Offset
- Product based supports/loans
- Industry development programs
- Exemptions for duties

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DESIGN ACTIVITIES ARE BACKED BY GENEROUS SUPPORT PROGRAMS

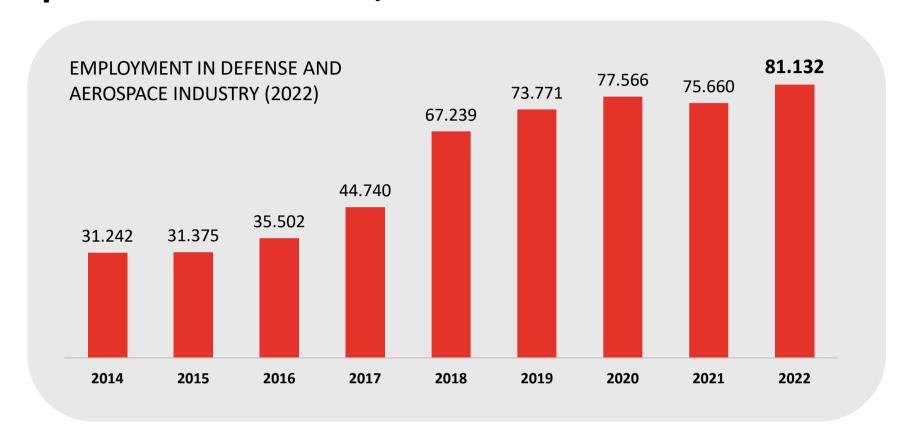
- 100% deductible R&D expenditures
- Corporate Tax exemptions
- Income Tax exemption for R&D personnel
- VAT exemptions on final products
- Dedicated Technology Development Zones
- Early stage financing for start-ups
- Export support

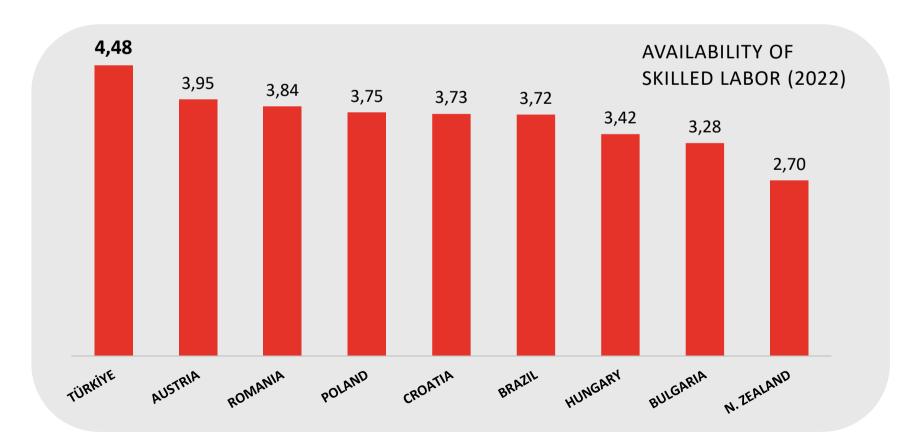
Grants, incentives, and supports are available at all stages of new product development life cycle



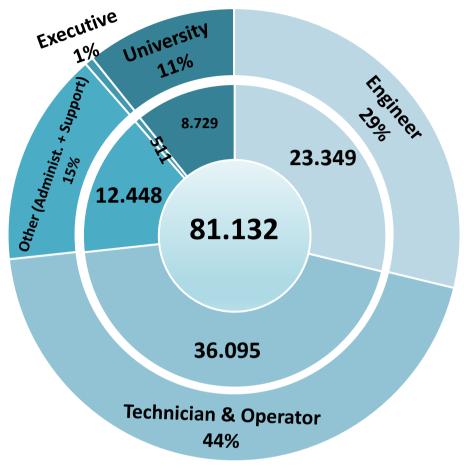


Turkish defense industry has an attractive ecosystem supported by a qualified workforce, incentives and know-how















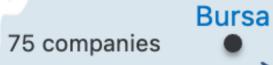














Ankara Kırıkkale







29 companies

As the industry developed, important defense & aerospace clusters have emerged across Türkiye



45 companies







1988



2010



2014





2017























TEI, a joint venture of TAI, GE, Turkish Armed Forces Foundation (TAFF) and Turkish Aeronautical Association (TAA), has been a key player in manufacturing, assembly and testing technology of aircraft engine parts and modules.

FNSS, a joint venture
owned 51% by Nurol
Holding and 49% by BAE
Systems, is a leading
manufacturer and
supplier of tracked and
wheeled armored
vehicles and weapon
systems for the Turkish
and Allied Armed Forces.

Kale Pratt & Whitney, a
joint venture owned 51%
by Kale Group and 49% by
Pratt & Whitney, use stateof- the-art technologies
critical to the production
of the F135 engine
powering the F-35
Lightning II fighter
aircraft.

BMC, which is a Turkish-Qatari partnership,
manufactures tactical
armored vehicles for the
defense industry, in
addition to buses for public
transportation, light and
heavy weight trucks for
transportation and logistics
industry.

BAE Systems and TAI signed an agreement, worth £100m, to collaborate on the first development phase of an indigenous fifthgeneration fighter jet for the Turkish Air Force – TF-X.

Rolls-Royce and Kale
Group, established a
joint venture company
owned 51% by Kale and
49% by Rolls-Royce 49%,
to develop aircraft engines
for Türkiye, initially
targeting the TF-X National
Fighter Jet Project.











July 25-28, 2023











PRESIDENCY OF DEFENSE INDUSTRIES (SSB)

SSB was established in 1985 with a mandate to develop policies establishing a modern defense industry infrastructure in Türkiye and has the authority and responsibility to implement these policies. As per its mandate, SSB carries out major systems procurement, industry policymaking, localization strategy, R&D and international industry relations. SSB is responsible for reorganizing and integrating the existing national industry in line with defense industry requirements; supporting new enterprises; exploring the opportunities with foreign investment and technology contributions; supporting enterprises to partner with foreign investors.





DEFENSE & AEROSPACE INDUSTRY MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (SaSaD)

SaSaD was established in 1990 with a mission to contribute to the development, strengthening, and competitiveness of the Turkish defense and aerospace industry. As the representative of the Turkish defense and aerospace industry, both in Türkiye and international platforms, SaSad aims to facilitate the business environment for the industry players in coordination with the procurement authorities and contractors. Having started the business with 12 founding members at the beginning, SaSaD currently has 113 full members and 75 special members in the communication network as of 2017.



DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF CIVIL AVIATON (DGCA)

DGCA is in charge of regulating the civil aviation industry in accordance with the national and international regulations and standards in order to ensure flight safety and security of the civil aviation. Its main duties, among others, are: to issue relevant documentation and to register aircraft; to audit licenses of flight crew; to determine the licensing terms of personnel working in the civil aviation; to regulate the terms and conditions for the permissions to be granted to real or legal persons to perform air transportation activities in or out of Türkiye; to regulate and audit air navigation of commercial aircraft, as well as traffic communication services in Turkish airspace.



GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF STATE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY (DHMİ)

DHMİ is a state-owned enterprise in charge of the management of Turkish airports and controlling Turkish airspace. It main activities are; management of airports, ground services at airports and air traffic control services, establishment and operation of air navigation systems and facilities and other related facilities and systems, and to maintain them at the level of modern aeronautics.

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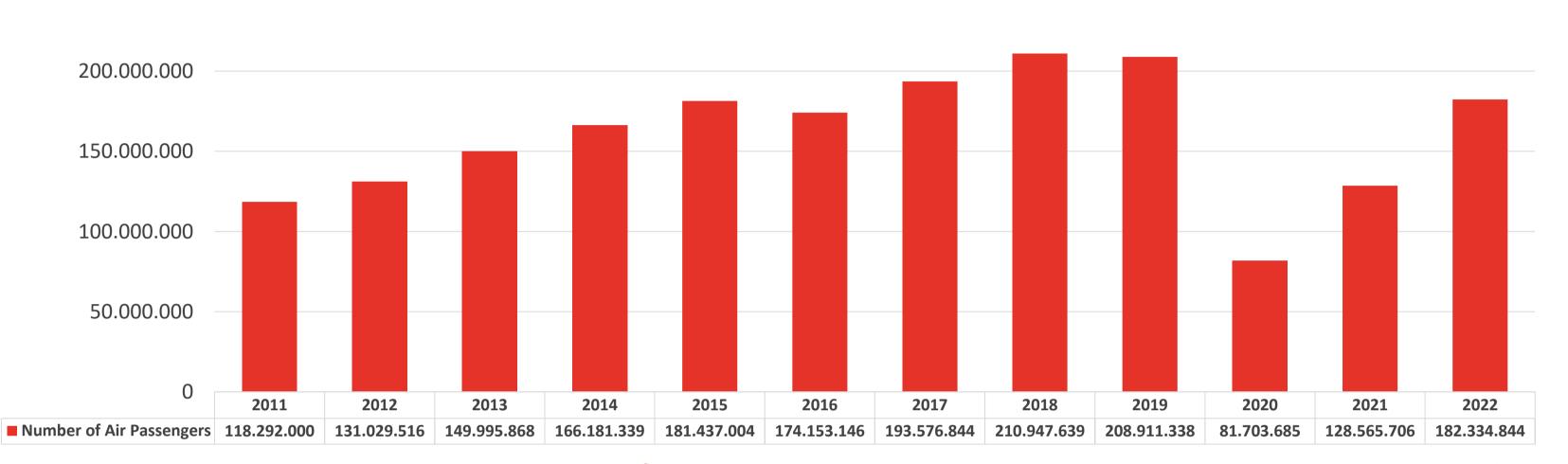


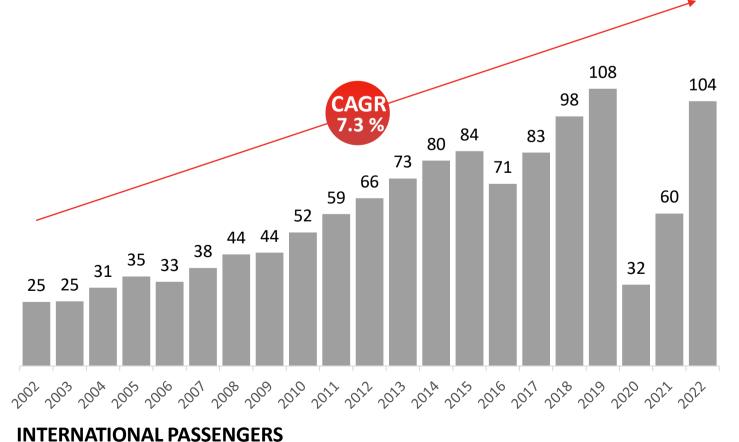
250.000.000

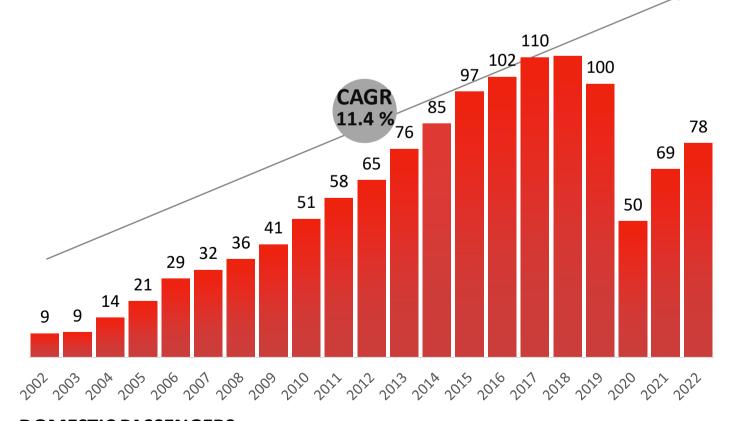
MILLION



BREAKDOWN OF
AIR PASSENGERS
IN TÜRKİYE
OVER YEARS







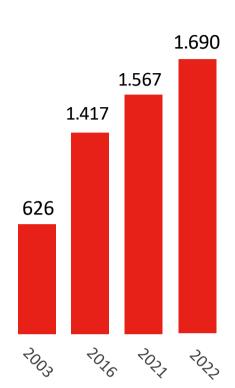
DOMESTIC PASSENGERSMILLION

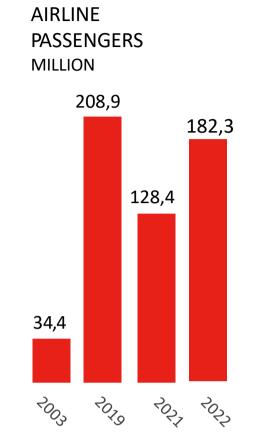
TURKISH CIVIL AVIATION

AIRCRAFT*

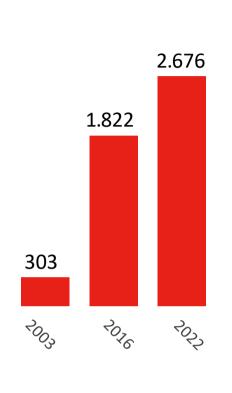
OF AIRCRAFT







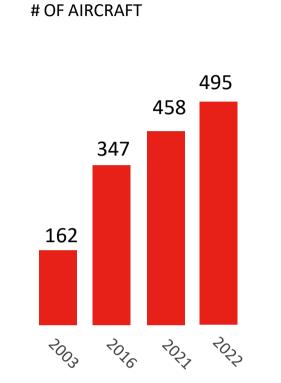
AIRLINE SEAT CAPACITY



AIR CARGO

CAPACITY

TON



GENERAL

AVIATION





599

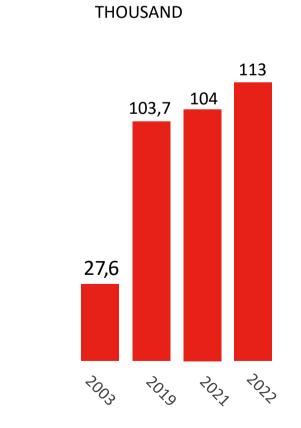
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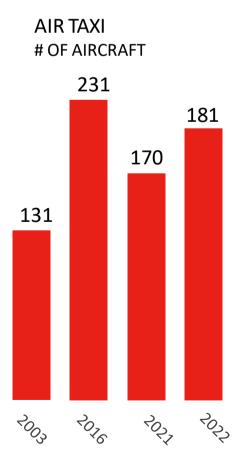
2027

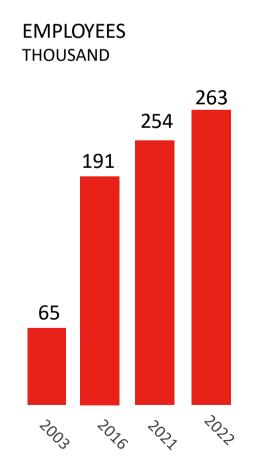
OF AIRCRAFT

540

162





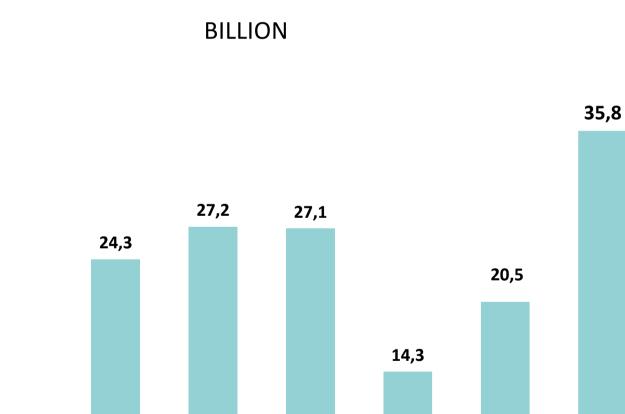


2,2

2003

2017

2018



2019

2020

2021

2022

TURNOVER

Source: DGCA

2016

2027





13 airline companies operate in Türkiye as of 2023

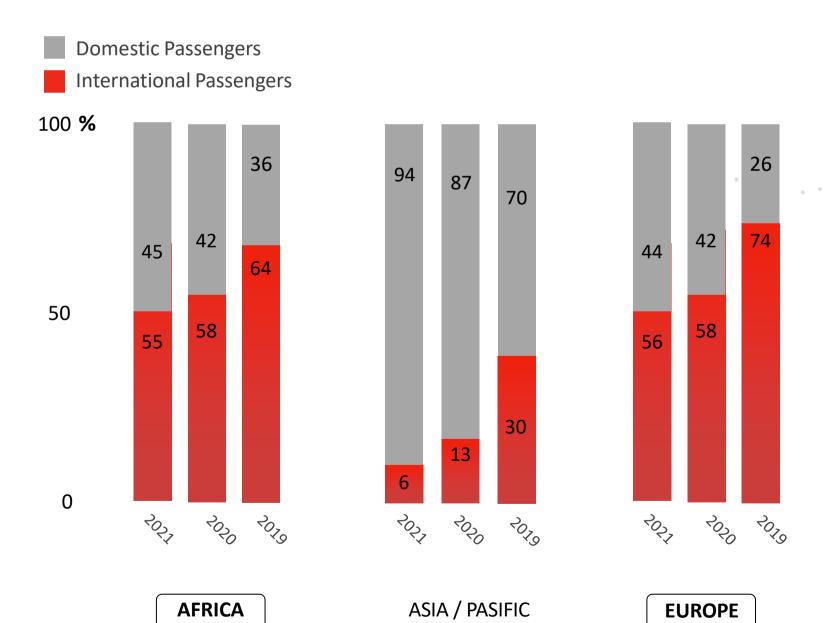
Airline Companies	Passenger Aircraft	Cargo Aircraft	Total Aircraft
URKISH AIRLINES	398	24	422
PEGASUS AIRLINES	96	-	91
SunExpress	62	-	62
Corendon	20	-	20
MAGAIRLINES	-	7	7
FREEBIRD	10	-	10
ULS	-	3	3
AIRACT	-	5	5
tailwind	5	-	5
MGA airlines	5	-	5
southwind airlines	3	-	3
AirAnka	-	2	2
(III) BBN Airlines	2	-	2
TOTAL 13	587	39	642

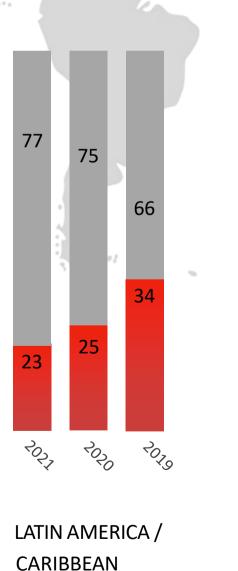
Source: Airline Companies

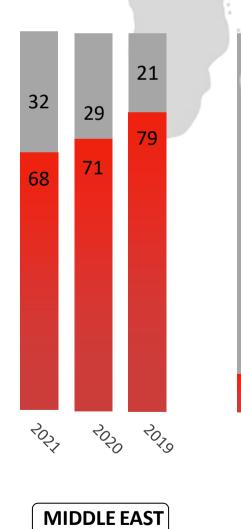


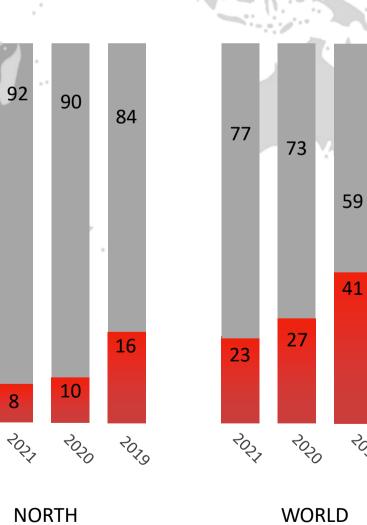
Türkiye is in the heart of the three regions kept their international mobility quite high.

% SHARE OF INTERNATIONAL-DOMESTIC PASSENGER TRAFFIC BY REGION 2020 VS 2019, BASED ON FROM/TO STATE









AMERICA

TOTAL

Source: ICAO



Türkiye's convenient location and its significant investments in airport infrastructure make it an outstanding international aviation hub.

2003

50 COUNTRIES

60 INTERNATIONAL DESTINATIONS

2 DOMESTIC HUBS

26 DOMESTIC DESTINATIONS



2022

130 COUNTRIES

342 INTERNATIONAL DESTINATIONS

10 DOMESTIC HUBS

57 DOMESTIC DESTINATIONS





THE BUSIEST AIRPORTS IN EUROPE

MILLIONS OF PASSENGERS (2022)

	Country	Code	Airport	20	022	2021		2020		2019	
_	Türkiye	IST	İSTANBUL AIRPORT	64,48	1 st	37,17	1 st	23,40	1 st	52,00	7 th
	UK	LHR	HEATHROW AIRPORT	61,59	2 nd	22,10	3 rd	22,10	3 rd	80,88	1 st
_	France	CDG	CHARLES DE GAULLE	57,47	3 rd	26,19	3 rd	22,25	2 nd	76,15	2 nd
_	Netherlands	AMS	AMSTERDAM SCHIPHOL AIRPORT	52,47	4 th	25,49	4 th	20,88	3 rd	71,70	3 rd
	Spain	MAD	A.S. MADRID-BARAJAS AIRPORT	50,63	5 th	16,38	8 th	16,38	8 th	28,25	22 nd
_	Germany	FRA	FRANFURKT AM MEIN	48,91	6 th	18,76	6 th	18,76	6 th	70,55	4 th
	Spain	BCN	J.T. BARCELONA-EL PRAD AIRPORT	41,63	7 th	12,73	9 th	12,73	9 th	52,68	6 th
	UK	LGW	LONDON GATWICK	32,83	8 th	6,26	36 th	10,17	4 th	46,57	10 th
	Germany	MUC	MUNICH AIRPORT	31,64	9 th	12,49	14 th	11,12	11 th	47,95	9 th
	Italy	FCO	LEONARDO DA VINCI-FIUMICINO AIRPORT	29,36	10 th	11,66	17 th	9,83	15 th	43,53	11 th

Türkiye's convenient location and its significant investments in airport infrastructure in last decade made it an outstanding aviation hub.

THE BUSIEST AIRPORTS IN TÜRKİYE

MILLIONS OF PASSENGERS (2022)

	Code	Airport	Domestic	International	Total (2022)		2021		2020		2019	
_	IST	İSTANBUL	15,94	48,56	64,51	1 st	37,18	1 st	23,41	1 st	52,00	1 st
1	AYT	ANTALYA	5,84	25,26	31,10	2 nd	22,01	3 rd	9,71	3 rd	35,67	2 nd
+	SAW	SABİHA GÖKÇEN	15,23	15,49	30,73	3 rd	24,90	2 nd	16,95	2 nd	35,56	3 rd
_	ADB	izmir	6,07	3,76	9,83	4 th	7,56	4 th	5,46	4 th	12,36	6 th
-	ESB	ANKARA	6,75	1,92	8,67	5 th	7,03	5 th	5,16	5 th	13,74	5 th
	DLM	MUĞLA DALAMAN	1,52	3,01	4,53	6 th	2,32	8 th	1,58	8 th	4,90	8 th
	BJV	MUĞLA MİLAS	2,04	1,85	3,89	7 th	2,90	9 th	1,48	9 th	4,33	9 th
+	ADA	ADANA	3,22	0,64	3,87	8 th	3,39	6 th	2,50	6 th	5,05	7 th
+	TZX	TRABZON	2,48	0,70	3,18	9 th	2,64	7 th	1,80	7 th	3,77	10 th
_	GZT	GAZİANTEP	2,02	0,30	2,32	10 th	1,85	10 th	1,39	10 th	2,52	11 th



2022

2019

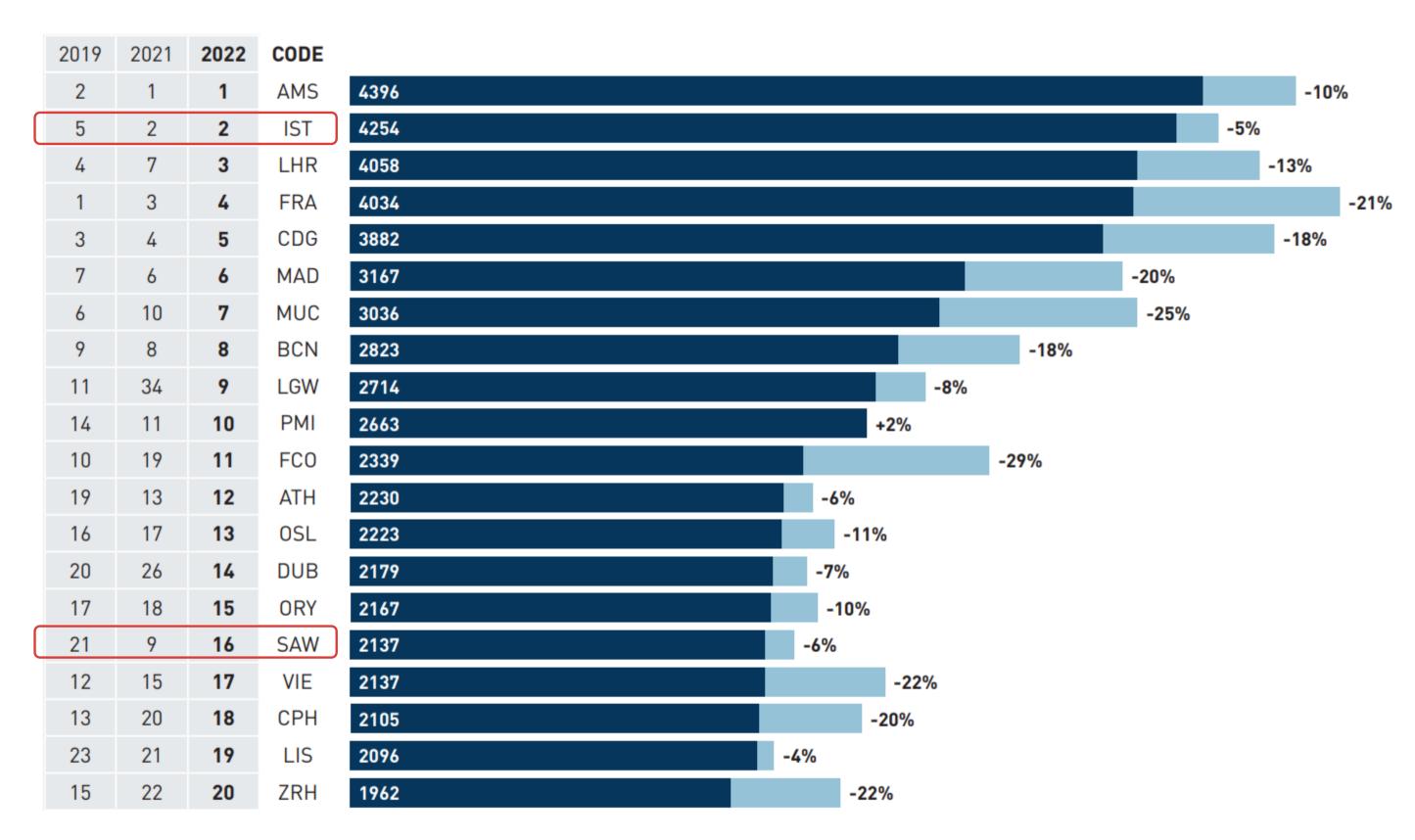
IST AIRPORT

2nd in Direct Connectivity
 2nd in Int. Passengers
 6th in Hub Connectivity
 in 2021

istanbul has recovered 71% of its pre-pandemic (2019) direct connectivity levels and 56% of its hub connectivity levels in 2021 –the best performance amongst European hubs.

According to ACI's World Airport Traffic Forecast, **Türkiye** will be amongst the top 15 fastest growing countries in the upcoming period to 2040 with **4,6% CAGR**, though not a single other European country appears in this list.

TOP 20 AIRPORTS IN EUROPE IN DIRECT CONNECTIVITY - 2021



Istanbul has rapidly developed into an international hub in last decade.







350 Destinations





2,000 Daily Landing & Departures





Operational Since 2018







«Best Airport in Europe»
«Accessible Airport»





Top 10 States

Departures and arrivals

Week 26 Jun - 02 Jul 2023

No.	Coun	ntry	Average daily flights	% prev week	% pre	ev year	9	6 2019
1.	#	United Kingdom	6,122	+1%	S	+7%	W	-8%
2.	ik:	Spain	5,437	+2%	S	+5%	W	-2%
3.		Germany	5,245	+1%	S	+5%	W	-18%
4.	0	France	4,793	+2%	S	+5%	W	-7%
5.	0	Italy	4,345	+3%	S	+8%	W	-1%
6.	0	Türkiye	3,892	+3%	S	+13%	S	+12%
7.	4	Greece	2,358	+8%	S	+6%	S	+13%
8.		Netherlands	1,670	+1%	S	+4%	W	-8%
9.	#	Norway	1,419	-4%	S	+6%	W	-6%
10.	(3)	Portugal	1,407	+2%	S	+8%	S	+7%

Top 10 aircraft operators

Week 26 Jun - 02 Jul 2023 (average daily flights)

No.	Aircraft operator	Average daily flights	% prev week	% pre	ev year		% 2019
1.	Ryanair Group	3,273	+0%	S	+10%	S	+25%
2.	easyJet Group	1,732	+2%	S	+10%	W	-8%
3.	Urkish Airlines	1,685	+3%	S	+12%	S	+13%
4.	Lufthansa Airlines	1,247	+4%	S	+8%	W	-23%
5.	Air France Group	1,102	+3%	S	+4%	W	-18%
6.	Wizz Air Group	900	+3%	S	+16%	S	+36%
7.	KLM Group	875	+2%	S	+16%	W	-7%
8.	British Airways Group	839	+3%	S	+20%	W	-15%
9.	Vueling	684	+1%	W	-2%	W	-6%
10.	SAS Group	683	-2%	S	+26%	W	-20%

«Turkish Airlines, the only legacy or hub carrier in the top 10 that's basically fully recovered.

While most low costs are close to or beyond their 2019 flight levels, that's not the case with the majority of traditional legacy or hub carriers. Turkish Airlines is the top 10 exception, a carrier that continues to thrive, currently performing 1,187 daily arrivals/departures, 98% of 2019 traffic.

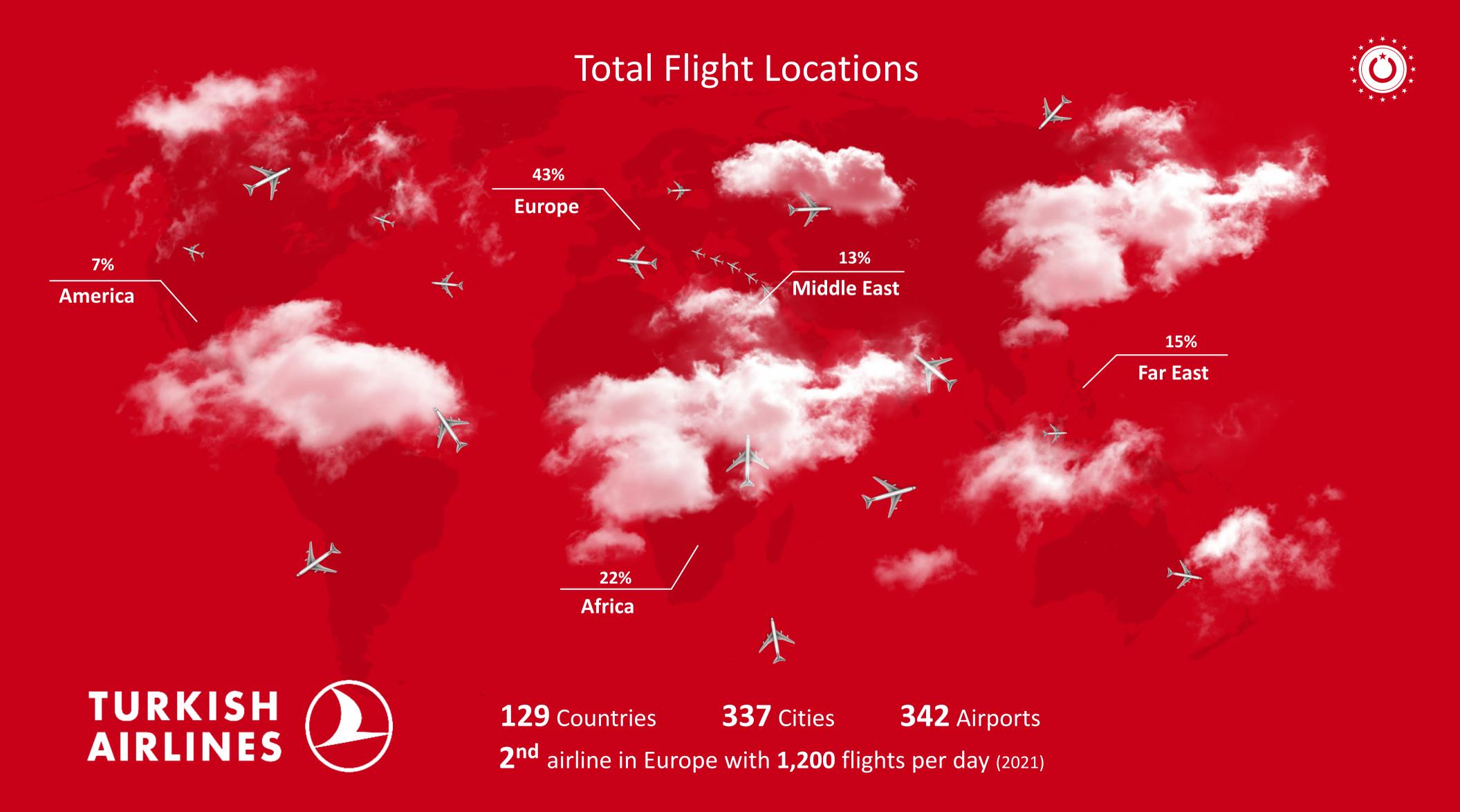
As Europe's second busiest carrier, Turkish Airlines is massively focused on its home base Istanbul iGA, where almost 80% of all TK flights depart or land from. With 456 daily departures over the last 7 days, 102% of 2019, iGA traffic for Turkish far exceeds the second-busiest airport for the airline, Istanbul's Sabiha Gökçen with 82 daily departures (98% of 2019), or third-busiest Ankara with 59 daily departures (81% of 2019).» Eurocontrol



Airport ranking

Week 26 Jun - 02 Jul 2023 (vs 2019)

No.	Airport	Avg. daily dep/arr flights	vs 2022	vs 2019
1.	iGA Istanbul	1,525	S +14%	S +19%
2.	Amsterdam	1,370	S +9%	W -8%
3.	Paris Charles de Gaulle	1,351	S +11%	W -10%
4.	Frankfurt	1,314	s _{+14%}	W -16%
5.	London Heathrow	1,306	S +14%	W -5%
6.	Madrid Barajas	1,103	S +5%	W -13%
7.	Antalya	1,008	S +14%	S +12%
8.	Barcelona	971	S +8%	W -10%
9.	Munich	919	s _{+7%}	W -27%
10.	Palma de Mallorca	916	S +1%	S +2%





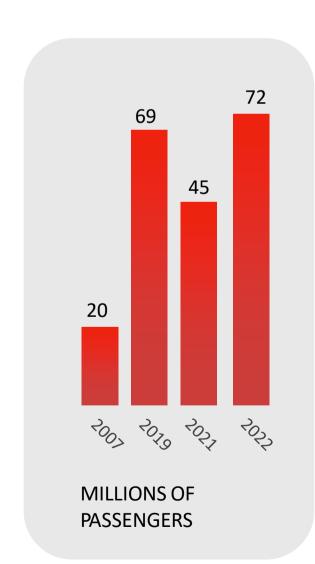


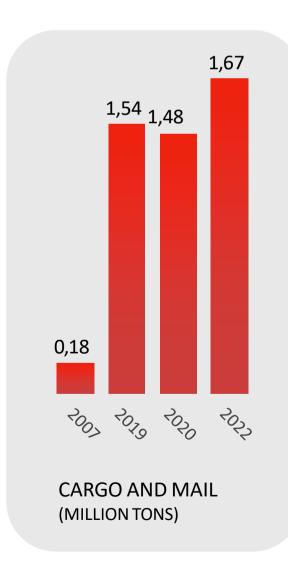
Turkish Airlines has shown an incredible growth over the past decade, taking competition to a higher level

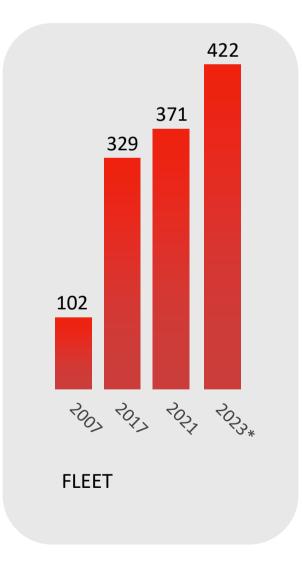
\$ 162,7 M INTERNATIONAL RPK 342
FLIGHT
DESTTINATIONS

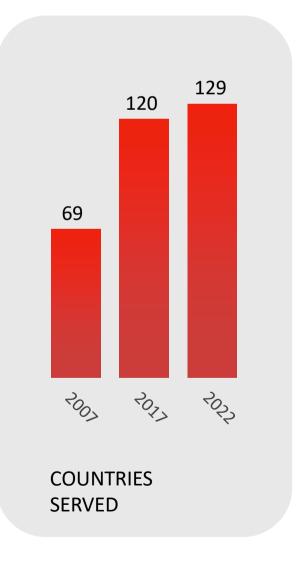
\$ 162,7 M
INTERNATIONAL
CTK RANKING

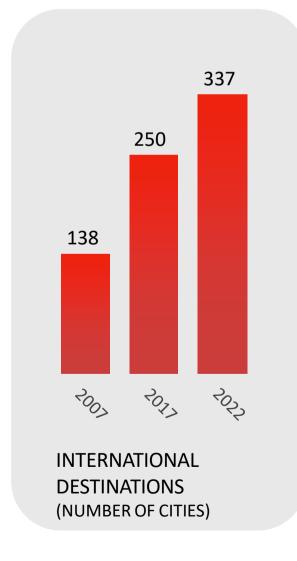
\$8.2 M
INTERNATIONAL
FTK

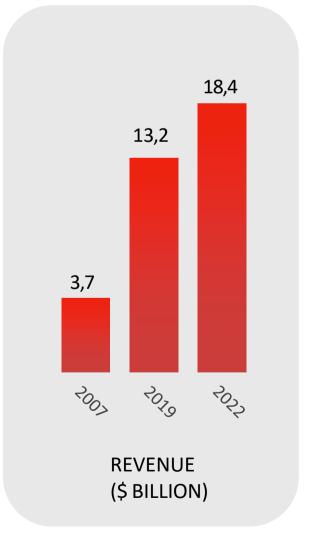












Source: IATA, Turkish Airlines RPK: Revenue Passenger-Kilometers CTK: Cargo Ton-Kilometers FTK: Freight Ton-Kilometers



Competition and cooperation go hand in hand in the Turkish aerospace industry



2009

The Turkish Engine Center is a joint venture with Turkish Technic specializing in CFM56 and V2500 engine overhaul and repair. The Turkish Engine Center unites the long histories of engineering and maintenance excellence of its parent companies. Established in 2009, the facility is located at Istanbul's Sabiha Gokcen Airport and has performed more than 400 engine overhauls.



1989

SunExpress was founded as a subsidiary of Turkish Airlines and Lufthansa. Today, SunExpress has a fleet of 70 aircrafts with 13,950 seats capacity, flying to more than 100 destinations. It carried around eight million passengers in 2016. With its 26 years of experience and thus the long-term commitment in the traffic between the home markets of Türkiye and Germany, the airline has acquired the reputation of the holiday specialist even beyond Türkiye.

***Kale Pratt & Whitney**

***Kale Pratt & Whitney**

2010

Kale Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Motor Industry Inc. has been established in 2010 with the partnership of Kale Group with Pratt & Whitney, which is part of United Technologies Corporation (UTC). Established with a 51% Kale Group and 49% Pratt & Whitney partnership, the company's main field of activity is the manufacture and assembly of engines and body parts for aircraft. The company started its production activities in its current factory in 2014.



2010

A joint venture owned 51% by
Turkish Technic and 49% by TAI, the
company manufactures galleys and
their inserts (like trolleys, std.
containers etc.), crew rests, cabin
dividers, wind screens,
miscellaneous stowage, coatrooms,
video control compartments,
aircraft textile, leather and most of
other cabin interior parts except
for the aircraft seats.









2008

Established in 2008, acquired by HNA in 2010 myTECHNIC is World's first lean greenfield MRO with a total closed area of 48,400 m² and one of its kind in the region with a 15,788 m² hangar area, 12,115 m² office area and 20,500 m² warehouse and shop area under one roof. Located in Sabiha Gökçen Airport, myTECHNIC has establishedbusiness with 130+ customers in 10 regions.

TURKISH NACELLE CENTER





2010







2011

Turkish Nacelle Center established in December 2010, upon signing of Joint Venture Agreement between Turkish Technic Inc. and Collins Aerospace (formerly UTC Aerospace Systems) Aerostructures Business Unit. Turkish Nacelle Center provides repair, maintenance, overhaul and modification of thrust reverser and nacelle systems for almost all types of engine platforms being used on commercial aircraft.

TUSAS Engine Industries Inc. (TEI) is an incorporated company established in 1985 as a joint venture owned 50,5% by Turkish Aerospace Industries Inc. (TAI), 46,2 % by General Electric (GE), 3,3 % Turkish Armed Forces Foundation (TAFF) and Turkish Aeronautical Association (TAA). TEI. The company has become an international manufacturer and a global design center today with the high quality products and services it offers to aviation industry.

TSI Aviation Seats was established as a joint venture owned 50% by Turkish Airlines and 50% by Assan Hanil, with the target of designing, producing, repairing and marketing all types of aircraft seats and supplying their spare parts. TSI conducts design, engineering, manufacturing and R&D activities in its new facilities in HABOM (Aviation Maintenance Repair and Overhaul Center)



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Contact Muttalip Tütüncü

mtutuncu@invest.gov.tr











